

MILES FIGHTS FOR A PARADE.

General Collis's Telegram to Him Sent to the White House.

PRESIDENT UNDECIDED.

General Shafter Coming to Meet the Committee Here To-day.

PEACE JUBILEE WILL BE HELD.

If the Heroes from Montauk Cannot Participate Home Regiments and Naval Reserves Will Be Relied On.

Washington, Sept. 13.—General Miles decided to-day to make another effort for a parade of Porto Rico and Santiago soldiers through the streets of New York. He intended to call on the President to-night and try to move him on the decision reached yesterday. But the President's indecision caused the General to remain at home. The parade question is still open.

This decision on the part of General Miles was reached after receiving early this morning a telegraphic request from General Collis, chairman of the Committee on Arrangements and Reception for the parade. After this telegram came a message from General Greenleaf, Chief Medical Officer on General Miles's staff, stating that about one-half of the soldiers at Montauk Point could not participate in the parade because of illness and the march would be rather to their advantage.

General Collis said in his telegram that he would wait an answer at the City Hall to-day at 11 a. m. This telegram was sent to the Assistant Secretary of War this morning. General Miles called the special attention of the Acting Secretary to the request which was forwarded about 10 o'clock a. m. to the President. At 11 o'clock to-night no answer had been sent to General Collis at least that statement was made at the White House.

Earlier in the evening the Acting Secretary said the telegram of General Collis had not been acted upon by the President. The report came from the office of the Secretary of War, nevertheless, that there would be no parade, notwithstanding the fact that the President had not acted.

It was also stated to-night at the White House that the President would perhaps not make reply to General Collis at all, but simply would make it that it would be very late in the week. The outlook is now that the President may make a decision to-night.

General Miles said to-night that he had no objection to make.

The Committee of Arrangements for the Peace Jubilee, far from being dismayed or even discouraged by the apparently unfavorable outlook for a great military present in connection with the proposed celebration of the Victory over Spain, met in the City Hall yesterday and decided to redouble their efforts for a parade as originally planned.

Both the Santiago and Porto Rican heroes, or as many of them as possible, are especially wanted for the parade, but if the conflicting views and aims of the people at Washington should at length operate to preclude these troops from marching, it is probable that the committee will have to turn to the Porto Rican transports—then reserve to the Porto Rican regiments, troops, batteries and naval reserves, not a few of which took part in the actual fighting of the war.

With this as an alternative the committee began its meeting yesterday by listening to the following letter from General Shafter to General C. H. T. Collins:

My Dear General: I have received your letter of the 10th inst. asking me to fix a time and place in New York for the committee appointed by the Mayor, both to leave Washington to-morrow evening and to go to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, on Wednesday. I will be pleased to meet the committee, either at the hotel or the City Hall, at any hour that you consider most convenient for the committee. While here I will learn the views of the War Department in respect to the parade and the assistance the committee may expect from the War Department. I am, very truly yours,

W. R. SHAFTER, Major-General.

General Collis, as chairman of the sub-committee appointed to confer with the General commanding the camp at Montauk Point, said, after reading the letter, that he was very hopeful of the parade being at length authorized. He added that he had sent a telegram to Major-General Miles last night setting forth both the widespread and earnest desire of the people for a chance to show the soldiers their appreciation and the unanimous desire to agree to both parades and spectators from such a celebration. As soon as he received a reply he would communicate it to his fellow members, he said.

By direction of the whole committee, twenty-five sub-committees of five will meet General Shafter in the Fifth Avenue Hotel at 11 o'clock this morning. If the conference is a favorable one and the parade is fixed for next Saturday, then the whole committee of twenty will convene this afternoon by Chairman Randolph Guggenheimer.

The meeting next authorized the opening of headquarters in the Hotel Hamilton and Chairman Augustus W. Peters, of the committee on music, grand stands, decorations, invitations and the like, presented a report. He was instructed to proceed with all arrangements possible as if the parade would be a settled thing.

Almost all the members of the committee expect that the parade will be arranged. It is not thought, however, that it can be held next Saturday, but on a subsequent day yet to be chosen.

RUSHING TROOPS AWAY FROM TOWN.

None but Home Regiments Will Soon Be Left in the Vicinity of New York.

The transportation of troops away from this city continues. The Twentieth Infantry from Camp Wikoff came from Montauk Point yesterday. The regiment was taken on ferry boats from Long Island City to the Erie Railroad pier in Jersey City and sent to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. The Third Infantry left for Fort Snelling, Minn., over the New York Central, the Fourth Infantry left for Fort Snelling, Minn., over the Erie Railroad, and the Twentieth Infantry will be taken to New London, Conn., on transports and thence to Plattsburgh, N. Y. Two regiments are expected to leave Camp Wikoff to-morrow for army posts.

The Shinnecock will reach here from Montauk to-day with many sick on board. One transport sailed last night for Montauk Point to take troops away, three others will leave to-day, and the Government vessels now in the harbor available for the purpose are being pressed into the service of depopulating Camp Wikoff so that at the end of the week there will be very few if any soldiers left there.

The transfer for the West of the Sixth Illinois that came on the Manitoba yesterday makes a parade of the Porto Rican troops unlikely, and Colonel Kinkead said yesterday that the soldiers from Porto Rico would be sent to their homes as soon as they arrived.

NINTH REGIMENT LEAVES FOR HOME.

Two Troops Now Remain at Chickamauga—Sick Are Rapidly Improving.

Chickamauga, Tenn., Sept. 13.—The Ninth New York left for home to-day, and only one regiment, the Sixth United States Volunteers, now remains at Chickamauga. The departing New Yorkers occupied four trains, the last leaving about noon. General Brockbridge and his staff are expected to leave for Lexington, Ky., to-morrow.

The majority of the sick in the hospital are improving rapidly, and in a few weeks the last patient is expected to be able to leave the camp. The hospital is being emptied, the Sixth Regiment will be moved elsewhere.

There was an enthusiastic meeting in the Ninth Regiment armory last night of officers of the One Hundred and Ninth Regiment, to prepare a welcome to the Ninth, expected home to-morrow.

The Ninth Regiment veterans and the officers of the One Hundred and Ninth will be the returning regiment and escort it to the armory, where lunch will be served. It is not yet known by what route the regiment is to come, as the line of march cannot be arranged until to-day.

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HERO STUART LAID AT REST.

Military Honors at the Funeral of a Soldier Martyr of the Camp at Chickamauga.

The body of Francis J. Stuart, the Journal press room employee who died at Chickamauga, was laid in his last resting place at Calvary Cemetery yesterday morning.

The body was clothed in the uniform of quartermaster-sergeant, with the medals Stuart had won on championship fields as crack rifle shot on his breast, and encased in the folds of the flag he loved so well.

Organizations with which Stuart had been associated, soldiers and firemen in uniform, and hundreds of spectators lined the streets as the mournful procession started from the home, Thirteenth street, from Company M, Ninth New York Volunteers, to which the dead hero had been attached, presented arms as the bier passed.

A solemn high mass of requiem was chanted at half-past 10 o'clock at St. Gabriel's Catholic Church, where Stuart had been an attendant for years. Father Thornton officiating as celebrant, assisted by Fathers McHugh and Sinnott.

The funeral tributes were profuse. The Journal press room chapel, of which Stuart had been a member, sent a handsome set piece, consisting of an anchor, shield, sheaf and pillow. Henry Council, No. 217, E. L., with which he was also associated, gave him a beautiful tribute, and Company M sent him a garland of roses in the shape of a star.

The honorary pall bearers were members of Company M and the hall bearers were Veterans of the Civil War. John Lynch, Eugene McBride, Daniel Sheehan and John McCraig, all connected with the Journal chapel, Stuart's remains were interred in Mount Calvary Cemetery, where military honors were observed.

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THE NEWSDEALERS VENTILATE THEIR GRIEVANCES.

Purveyors of Papers and Books Meet at the Grand Central Palace.

Practices of Dishonest Dealers Deplored by All the Delegates.

A MAN who brightens our homes and helps to while away many a dull hour is the newsdealer. Whether he is the proprietor of a palatial shop or presides behind an humble stand under an elevated station stairway, he is to be recognized as the purveyor to the mental appetite of the people.

There is in session in New York to-day a convention of these men—some of them conversant with every book they handle, every paper they sell; others not so conversant. At any rate, they are all newsdealers, and as such are entitled to the due consideration of the people they serve; and they serve everybody.

The annual convention of the National Association of Newsdealers, Booksellers and Stationers of the United States began yesterday, in Grand Central Palace, at Forty-third street and Lexington avenue. About one hundred delegates from all over the Eastern States were in attendance.

The business of the convention was taken up at noon. President Thomas F. Martin, who has negotiated with newspaper and book buyers about Cooper Union for more years than he cares to count, called the meeting to order and made a short address.

According to President Martin's address the chief grievances the newsdealers have at present are directed against department stores, book sales and the return system in vogue in the newspaper offices. In the beginning of his address President Martin paid attention particularly to the department store question.

Frauds in Newspaper "Returns." Speaking of the return system in vogue among newspapers, President Martin announced that he was rather stampeded. Newspapers allow a rebate on all papers returned from dealers, but President Martin said, the plan had been taken advantage of by unscrupulous dealers, who, in a city such as New York, are enabled to fatten on dishonest practices.

On every train reaching the city, on every street car that reaches a terminal, on every elevated train that makes a trip, there are from five to one hundred papers left in the seats. In every hotel, every park, every place of public resort, there are hundreds of newspapers left after the original buyers have read them. There are newsdealers, President Martin said, who employ men and boys to pick up those papers, straighten them out and put them in shape to be returned.

The amount of money that is thus obtained from the newspapers for fraudulent returns is inconceivable, according to Mr. Martin. While the dealers are not to turn in only the papers they have not sold, the dishonest fellows pick up the papers that have been sold and read and push them back on the newspaper offices, getting the regulation price for them. President Martin recommended that some action be taken to stop this practice.

Following the speech of the president, committees were appointed on credentials and resolutions. Several members insisted on offering resolutions, although they were not in the regular order of business. One of these resolutions read:

Resolved, That we favor the adoption of a system, and ask the aid of the newspaper and



Prominent Delegates to the Newsdealers' Convention.

book publishers in perfecting one that will prevent the return of papers and books that have been sold once to the publishers for the return price.

Another resolution favored the adoption of a plan to compel department stores to sell books at the price marked on the covers.

On the Palm Garden roof of the Grand Central Palace the newsdealers banqueted last night. Representatives of the newspaper and publishers were with them, and there was a feast of reason and a flow of

soul that did all hands good. In addition there was a feast of good things to eat, and a flow of good things to drink that did just as much good to all hands.

Among those at the convention are: Thomas F. Martin, president, New York City; W. D. Madigan, first vice-president, Baltimore, Md.; L. Ottenheimer, second vice-president, Baltimore, Md.; T. J. Quinn, treasurer, New York City; Henry Malkin, secretary, New York City; C. F. Pettie, custodian, Bridgeport, Conn.; executive committee, J. H. J. Kelley, Providence, R. I.; D. Brophy, New

York City; E. E. Herold, Baltimore, Md.; and N. H. Readings, Brooklyn; Julius Stern, James Goldman, J. P. Eck, F. Schlegel, W. H. McKernan, H. Malachuk and N. Frank of New York; J. Goldberg, William R. Barber, William Wilson, Joseph Helm, Heuson D. Murray and J. Crowley, Baltimore, Md.; William P. McCourt, Buffalo; James J. Griffin, Springfield, Mass.; M. Moy, Pawtucket, R. I.; and A. V. Masten, Jr., Pennsylvania, N. Y.

The convention is to assemble again this morning.

FEVER SEIZES TROOP C'S LEADER.

Captain Clayton Taken from His Home to St. John's Hospital, Flatbush.

Captain Bertram T. Clayton, of Troop C, who returned from Porto Rico on Saturday, was removed from his home, No. 120 Pearlmore street, Flatbush, to St. John's Hospital yesterday. It is feared he has typhoid fever.

Captain Clayton, who is married and has two children, is a graduate from West Point and the organizer of Troop C. After his return with his troop on Saturday he was tired and restless and could not sleep. His family physician, Dr. Applegate, ordered absolute quiet and rest. In spite of this the Captain visited the armory Monday night and he remained several hours with his troops. When he returned to his home he was very ill and Dr. Applegate had him taken to the hospital.

Dr. Applegate said last night: "Captain Clayton ought to have been in bed from the time of his arrival home, but he was so devoted to the troop that he would attend to his business instead of to his own health. His condition is not serious, as yet."

Privates Moon and Marx, of Troop C, are also patients at the hospital. Moon is said to be critically ill with typhoid fever. He was brought from Porto Rico on the hospital ship Relief a week ago. Private Marx was taken to the hospital as soon as the troop arrived on Saturday.

George W. Coyne, a member of Troop A, which also returned last Saturday from Porto Rico, was taken to the hospital at Elizabeth, N. J., last night, suffering from typhoid fever. His condition is critical.

GIFTS FOR THE SOLDIERS.

Distribution of Packages from Relief Circles Adds to Work of Supply Depot.

The storeroom of the Medical Supply Depot at the Army Building is running over with supplies for the troops, and in addition to these there are many boxes of stuff sent to the depot for distribution to the different army camps and organizations.

Every day since the war began supplies have been received. There is hardly a town in the country whose "relief circle" or other aid organization has not contributed a package of some kind.

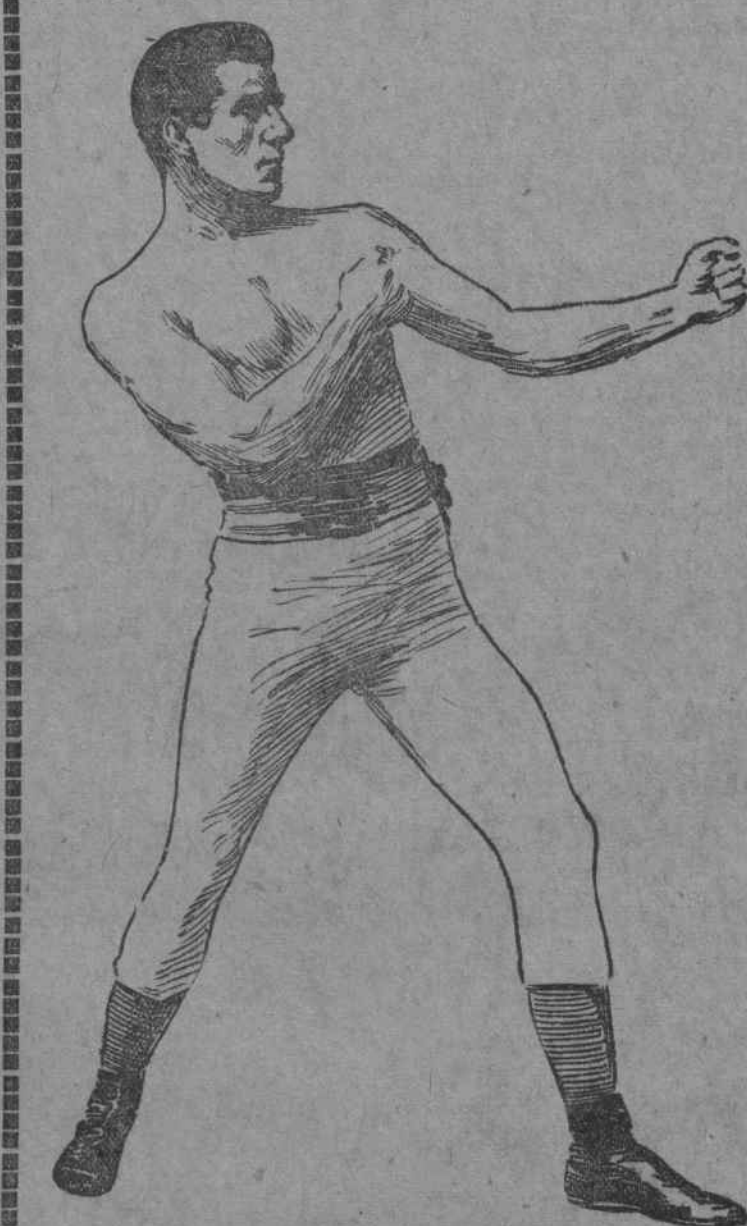
Some packages that came in yesterday will be sent to Santiago on the Obispo to-day. Some packages, especially those containing glass cans, have arrived in bad shape. Such of these as were saved are sent to the hospitals or to the harbor forts.

The taking care of these contributions and the need of repacking has largely increased the work of the depot. Miss Kate Brown, daughter of Colonel J. M. Brown, chief of the medical depot, has volunteered to look after these, and is kept busy all day marking and packing goods destined for the soldiers.

Hospital Cots for Havana.

The abandonment of Camp Wikoff will leave the Government with about 3,000 hospital cots or beds, shipped from the medical supply depot here. About one-half of these are of iron. The present plan is to send them to Cuba, most of them to be established as soon as American troops occupy the city.

Are You in Good Condition?



Corbett Appreciates Kutnow's.

Messrs. Kutnow Bros., 13 Astor Place, New York City. Gentlemen—I take pleasure in endorsing your Effervescent Powder. I have found it very helpful to me, especially when I am getting into condition for a match. I have tried nearly everything that would tone my system during my preparatory work, but I can cheerfully say that I do not know of anything that keeps my liver and stomach in better condition than Kutnow's. I use it regularly while training.

Very truly yours, James J. Corbett.

Training Quarters, At Asbury Park, N. J., August 16th, 1898.

KUTNOW BROS., 13 Astor Place, New York City.

Sole Agents for S. Kutnow & Co., Ltd., 41 Farringdon Road, London, E. C., Eng.

Sold by all reliable druggists. Positively refuse substitutes; they are worthless, if not injurious.

CIGARETTE EVIL.

Board of Aldermen Helps the Journal Protect the Children.

PROHIBIT SALE TO YOUNG.

Ordinance Passed Making Misdemeanor to Sell to Those Under Eighteen.

PUNISHMENT IS PROVIDED FOR.

Fine or Imprisonment, or Both, May Be Imposed on an Offender by a City Magistrate.

The fight of the Evening Journal against the sale of cigarettes to boys resulted in a big victory yesterday. Henceforth unscrupulous vendors who, for the sake of a paltry profit, supply growing youth with them will find themselves liable to punishment by fine or imprisonment, or both.

At a special meeting yesterday the Board of Aldermen passed the following ordinance, introduced by Alderman A. T. Vinton, of Brooklyn:

Section 1—Any person or persons who sell or cause to be sold or given away tobacco or cigarettes, whether composed of tobacco or any other substance, to any child or minor under the age of eighteen years, within the limits of the territory embraced in the city of New York, as now constituted, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punishable by a fine of \$10 or ten days' imprisonment, or both, within the discretion of the magistrate trying such offence.

Section 2—All parts of ordinances inconsistent or conflicting with the provisions of this ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Section 3—This ordinance shall take effect immediately.

"Without a doubt the ordinance will be signed by the Mayor," said one of the Aldermen who had voted for it, after the close of the meeting, "and I have no doubt its effect will be to stop the pernicious traffic. His Honor is not a family man, but he is just as fond of children as if he had a household of his own, and being a man of common sense, he knows well what harm cigarettes are doing in this city to thousands of undeveloped boys who are using them. The fight which the Evening Journal has made for the rising generation has been ably conducted."

Several other Aldermen expressed themselves in similar vein, and all predicted that the ordinance would soon be operative and would put an immediate check to the evil that has been complained of for so many years.

A dealer in cigars and tobacco expressed himself as well pleased over the prospect of the ordinance soon becoming law. "There will be no trouble about enforcing it," he said. "The better element of the trade will do all it can to see that would-be violators of the ordinance meet with the punishment provided. Their evil doing brings the whole trade into disrepute, and we shall be glad to see them brought up with a snarp turn."

The human organism, like a watch, must be kept in good condition in order to do its work properly. The process of digestion which constantly repairs the changing tissues of the body and furnishes you with strength and life-sustaining nourishment is complicated, beginning with the action of the saliva secreted by the salivary glands just after the food is taken into the mouth, and comprising in all no less than five distinct digestive fluids. If any of the organs or parts of the digestive apparatus gets out of order and fails to do the work assigned to it, your digestion becomes impaired, your food fails to properly nourish and sustain you, noxious matter accumulates in the system, breeding poison everywhere, causing aches and pains and a general feeling of lethargy, drowsiness and insomnia, generating, if neglected, uric acid in the blood, producing Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Constipation and Nerve Troubles, or Rheumatism, Gout, Diabetes and other serious diseases of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys.

As a Safeguard

Against such diseases, with their distressing symptoms and oftentimes fatal results,

Kutnow's Improved Effervescent Powder,

made from the waters of the famous European Mineral Springs,

Has No Superior.

It is, in fact, Nature's Great Remedy for all Diseases of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Gall, Bladder and Spleen. Acting gently but efficiently on all the inner organs, it speedily removes all noxious accumulations, stimulates the flow of the digestive fluids, puts the stomach and all inner organs in good condition, makes digestion easy, causes the food to nourish and strengthen and builds up your entire system.

A Free Trial.

In order to prove its great merits, if you are not in good condition you may obtain a sample, free of all charge and postpaid, by applying by postal card, mentioning this paper, or in person to